

Laying Propaganda Mines in the U.S.

We warned yesterday that the spread of the war to Scandinavia would result in "new and extreme pressure" to drag the United States into the war.

Our warning is being confirmed. The pressure has begun.

Official Washington—the White House and the Roosevelt Administration—sense the strong peace temper of the American people. Their job is to find some way to confuse, divide and defeat this peace sentiment.

They are not losing any time.

Mr. Arthur Krock of The New York Times gives us a discreet picture of the official double-dealing, the cool hypocrisy of the capitalist politicians in the nation's capital: "If responsible officials and party leaders saw in the broadening of the war magnetic elements operating to draw this nation into the struggle eventually, they did not mention them."

Why did not the Washington gentlemen

speak their real inner thoughts? "The practical politicians of both major parties," informs Mr. Krock, have "their eyes on the November elections." They echo the people's anti-war sentiments—but they do not believe them. They are preparing to betray them at the first opportunity. They are preparing a "Blitzkrieg" against America's peace.

The harsh cry for American entrance into the war grows louder in the columns

of the press. The *Herald Tribune*—typical Republican Party spokesman—goes further than it has dared before. In its incitement, it pictures Greenland to the American people as an imminent battlefield. It disinters Leif Ericsson, the Norwegian discoverer of America in the 13th century, to make a new idol of war. "Calmly and steadily the country must decide," it asserts. Decide what? To get into the war.

The *New York Post* discards the rags of

its cheap "idealism." It mutters of trade, markets, profits, dividends. It insults the intelligence of the American people with the argument that on the growth of British-Wall Street trade depends the future of democracy. It stakes the future of America's 10,000,000 unemployed on the spread of slaughter in Europe. It offers to trade corpses for jobs—jobs which will never come, of course. It already prepares the way

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An Editorial

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Cable News
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NAVAL BATTLE CONTINUES OFF NORWAY

Boudin Tells Jury Fur Case Is Frame-Up

Verdict in Eight-Week
Trial Expected
Tomorrow

By George Morris
Summarizing eight weeks of testimony in the trial of fur union leaders, Louis Boudin, chief counsel for the defense, yesterday declared that the government's case was deliberately "doctored" and based on framed perjury and falsehoods from beginning to end.

Cut off abruptly by Judge William Bondy at the end of two hours, and frequently interrupted, Boudin was limited to only the highlights in the 4,000 pages of testimony.

But his summation went over as a smashing indictment of the frame-up artists prosecuting for the Anti-Trust Division of the Department of Justice. Giving a summary of the many pending anti-trust indictments against unions, Boudin illustrated to what lengths the government is going in its smash - unions campaign.

DISMISSALS DENIED

Just before Boudin commenced his summary, the judge announced curtly that "all motions to dismiss are denied."

The three other attorneys of the defense will make their summaries today, with the government concluding the day.

The jury will be charged at 10:30 A.M. tomorrow.

Even at this final stage in the trial, Judge Bondy and the prosecutors repeatedly broke into Boudin's speech with false claims that certain references are not in evidence. At each case Boudin produced the exhibits and proved that they are. In one instance the judge shouted at him, apparently taking the statements of the prosecution for granted. Boudin waved the documents in question close to Bondy's face, shouting back equally as loud, until the latter looked at it and was convinced.

Boudin not only made the most of the documentary evidence he was able to get in, but has skillfully made use of the evidence that was excluded on objection of the government. He made it talk as loud as it was in. At each instance when he would arrive at the very threshold of the excluded truth he would say:

"But that isn't in the record because Mr. Henderson won't let you see it."

Berkley W. Henderson is the prosecuting Assistant U. S. Attorney General.

For four weeks the government filled the court record with testimony of alleged acts of violence, stench-bomb throwing and like matters that presumably took place in 1932-33, Boudin said. All that

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**Child Hammer
Wielder to Return
Home, Freed**

LOS ANGELES, April 10 (UPI)—Police who had sought blonde, blue eyes Chloe Davis, 11, to confess four murders and finally conceded her innocence, believed yesterday that she would soon be returned to the custody of her father, Barton Davis.

A coroner's jury yesterday decided that Mrs. Lolita Davis, 36, committed suicide last Thursday by cutting her wrists with a razor blade and allowing her blood to escape, after beating with a hammer three of her four children "with homicidal intent." The verdict cleared Chloe.

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Penna. Congressman Denounces Dies For Violating State Search Warrant

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, April 10.—Rep. James J. McGranery, Democrat of Philadelphia, attacked the actions of the Dies raiders in Philadelphia on the ground that the state law was violated because material taken from the offices of the Communist Party was removed from state jurisdiction.

He said, "This in itself is a flagrant violation of the law. The courts have repeatedly held that evidence seized under affidavit and resulting search warrant, shall be used as evidence be-

fore the courts of Pennsylvania and not taken from the jurisdiction without the consent of state courts.

"Dies investigators must forfeit their positions for this gross violation of the law and the committee must be made to know that they may not conduct themselves contrary to the laws of any state. They have, in my opinion, violated the laws of Pennsylvania, and I propose to cite the opinions of the Supreme Court and other courts in Pennsylvania."

Soviet Press Covers Spread Of Conflict

Pravda Prints Dispatches
From London, Berlin
and This Country

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, April 10.—Pravda, Soviet Communist Party organ, today gives wide news coverage of the extension of the imperialist war to Scandinavia.

It publishes the text of the aide-memoire (official note) of the German Government to the Danish and Norwegian Governments, excerpts from the statement of British Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain to the House of Commons, as well as reports of the advance of German troops into Denmark and Norway.

Along with communiques of the German Army High Command, Pravda publishes Havas (French) and Reuters (British) dispatches on the military operations.

CITES KING'S APPEAL

Other reports tell of the meetings of the British and French Governments and their decisions, and of the appeal of the Danish King and Government to the population of Denmark.

A dispatch from New York reports the slump in British government securities on European exchanges and the suspension of buying Norwegian and Danish securities and the Norwegian currency.

Operations of German naval forces on Tuesday morning are reported in the communique of the Norwegian naval ministry.

Dispatches from New York and London report the special conference of the Dutch Government and the cancellation of leaves of military units quartered near the coast and the frontiers of Holland.

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Belgium Army Leaves Cancelled

BRUSSELS, April 10 (UPI)—Belgian military leaves were cancelled after an extraordinary meeting of the Cabinet today.

The leaves were cancelled amidst wholly unconfirmed rumors that French and British had requested the right to send troops across Belgium.

FDR Extends War Zone to All Norway

WASHINGTON, April 10 (UPI)—Most of the North Atlantic was barred to American shipping today when President Roosevelt extended the combat zone in the European war to embrace Scandinavia and some Soviet ports in the Arctic.

The newly quarantined area was created by Presidential proclamation under provisions of the Neutrality Act while the Allies and Germany were fighting for control of the Scandinavian Peninsula.

It extends northward from the present zone, which ended at Bergen, Norway, taking in all the peninsulas and continuing into the Arctic to include the White Sea leading to the Soviet ports of Murmansk and Archangel.

From the present starting point on the west of the British Isles the new demarcation goes sharply northeast to the southern tip of Svalbard, a group of Norwegian islands in the Arctic, then turns sharply southeast to latitude 70 north and 44 east, then continues south to the tip of Kola Peninsula at the extreme northwestern tip of the U.S.S.R.

That leaves only one trans-Atlantic route available—from the United States to ports in Spain and Portugal and through Gibraltar to neutral countries in the Mediterranean.

American ships are forbidden to enter the zone, except by special permission, and United States citizens can not travel into them except at their own risk.

EDSEL FORD DENIES

EDSEL FORD, chairman of the

Automobile Workers, denied

that any workers had been displaced in his company as a result of technological improvements and said that new inventions would have the sole effect of providing more jobs.

THOMAS REVEALS FIGURES

THOMAS maintained, as proved with authoritative government figures, that there has been serious

more than were legally required to place the Communist ticket on the ballot.

One additional candidate was about to be filed last week for candidate for State Assembly from the 16th Representative District of Philadelphia county, but Rep. Dies agents seized 700 signatures on his nomination petition.

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Marcantonio Challenges Dies To Probe Klan

Witch-Hunter Informs
Congress of Impending
Move to Outlaw C.P.

By Adam Lapin
(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Rep. Vito Marcantonio of New York challenged the Dies Committee to investigate the Ku Klux Klan if it is really interested in un-American activities.

The New York laborite hurled this challenge at the committee after Rep. Dies and various defenders of his activities revealed that they intend to propose repressive legislation aimed at the Communist Party and other progressive organizations within the very near future.

Dies had bitterly attacked all critics of the committee as persons attempting to create "a false impression" and denied that the committee has refused to investigate the Klan.

Marcantonio asked if the committee is a "sacred cow" that cannot be criticized.

Taking up the Klan issue, he added:

"The gentleman from Texas is on

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Hathaway Trial Today On 'Libel' Persecution

Blasts 'Blue Ribbon'
Jury Method of
Trying Case

C. A. Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, facing trial today on charges of criminal libel growing out of articles published more than four years ago and relating to the political situation in Minnesota, described the case yesterday in an interview with the press as a "political matter and only incidentally a libel case."

The case comes before Judge John J. Freschi, in Part 8, General Sessions, Franklin and Center Sts., Manhattan, at ten o'clock today.

The action was brought by Mrs. Edita Liggett, widow of the slain Walter Liggett, and has been, as Hathaway said yesterday, "gathered dust from the time the articles appeared on Feb. 24, 1936."

PRESS FREEDOM INVOLVED

"This is only incidentally a libel case," said Hathaway, "it is a case involving the freedom of the press, and even more than that—it involves our freedom to give support to labor and progressive political movements."

"The four articles on which the action is being brought appeared beginning February 24, 1936 and did not have anything to do with the persons who are prosecuting this case. They were only incidentally mentioned in them."

"The articles were in support of the Farmer Labor Party of Minnesota in its campaign for the re-election of the then governor of the state Floyd B. Olson.

"In the course of the articles we mentioned the fact that the reactionary interests in the state were capitalizing on the murder of Walter Liggett in an effort to defeat Olson. Mrs. Liggett stated openly in a court that the murder had been 'authorized or permitted' by the governor of the state.

"Our articles undertook to show

(Continued on Page 4)

'Time for Peace Talks,' Laborite Tells Commons

LONDON, April 10.—David Kirkwood, labor member of Parliament, today in the House of Commons asked Richard A. Butler, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, if it was not "about time we were discussing the idea of having peace by negotiation."

Flay Jailing of French Deputies

Part of the crowd of more than 1,500 persons who yesterday assembled before the French Consulate on Fifth Ave. at the call of the Communist Party to protest the savage terms given 44 Communist French Deputies because of their opposition to war. In the view above Bob Minor is addressing the demonstrators after a delegation lodged formal protest with consulate officials.

Shouts of solidarity with the French working class echoed and re-echoed near the French Consulate yesterday afternoon as 1,500 workers demonstrated on West 51st St. between Fifth Ave. and Rockefeller Plaza against the persecution of Communists in France.

They also booted the name of Martin Dies, when Chairman Isidore Begun announced that Robert Minor, who had just finished speaking, had been served with a Dies subpoena as he left the speakers' stand.

American workers protest against the "Reichstag Fire Trial" framework of 44 Communist Deputies had been registered in the offices of the French Government near by a few minutes before the meeting.

At 4:30 P.M. Count de Fontenouvel, French Consul, had received a deputation of American Communists.

This is part of the Reynaud-Daladier drive to silence all opposition to the war.

1,500 Demand Freedom Of French C. P. Deputies At Consulate Protest

The British attempt to enter the Norwegian port was defeated with heavy losses, the high command said. Previously Germany had admitted loss of two crack cruisers in the fighting off Norway, in which German air strength was pitted against British sea might.

The German high command DNB reported that German air squadrons were attacking British naval forces in the "northern North Sea" and along the Norwegian coast sea engagements between German and British naval units were continuing.

ADVANCE ON HAMAR

German troops advanced to occupy Hamar, temporary Norwegian capital from which King Haakon and the Norwegian government fled farther inland.

At Bergen as well as Narvik, British naval and air attacks were reported beaten back.

The Allies attempted two attacks from the sea at Bergen. German sources announced, and both were repulsed.

In sharp contrast with the Norwegian fighting was the calm of Denmark, where the Danish government agreed to continue in office. Allied citizens in both Denmark and Norway will be kept under surveillance, the Germans indicated.

The British and French legations followed King Haakon and his government in the flight from Hamar, it was announced. There was no clarification of the status of the new Norwegian government. In authorized quarters it was said that "because of the lack of a uniform government," individual German commanders are making arrangements with local officials in such places as Oslo and Bergen.

KING'S POSITION IN DOUBT

The Haakon group was described as a "rump" government by the Norwegian National Union Party, which announced last night that it had formed a new government headed by Vidkun Quisling as Premier and Foreign Minister.

In Berlin authorized quarters said

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60,000 Sign Pennsylvania Communist Election Lists

(Special to the Daily Worker)

French Death Decree Angers British People

Many Trade Unions Protest Sentences Against Communist Deputies; Repression Reveals Real War Aims

By Philip Bolsover

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)
LONDON, April 10.—Widespread anger is sweeping the British working class movement, including numerous trade union organizations, against the death decree for anti-war activity in France and the imprisonment of the Communist members of the French Chamber of Deputies.

The death penalty is now applied to anyone "guilty" of any act "tending to demoralize the army or the civilian population."

This extending terror is part and parcel of the extension of the war to Scandinavia by the imperialists.

Dozens of protests from trade unions are being sent to the Embassy. Arthur Horner, President of the South Wales Miners' Federation, with 90,000 members, condemns the French action against the trade unions.

The Hayes branch of the electrical Trade Union declares:

"The persecution of working class leaders in France is only equalled by the Nazis in Germany, who, the French workers are told, are endangering their freedom."

The statement adds that any worker leading the working class in the fight for higher wages and better working conditions and against war is condemned to the guillotine.

The Cardiff (. . .) Wales, Central Divisional Labor Party and many other Labor Party locals join the chorus of condemnation.

(The words within parenthesis were deleted by the London censor.—Ed.)

From trade unions, Left Book Clubs and other democratic organizations throughout the country is coming a growing stream of resolutions.

It is obvious as the days pass that the sentences upon the Communist deputies, and even more than the death decrees, have done more than anything else since the war started to disillusion the working class about the objectives of the war.

At the beginning of this week, 3,000 Londoners demonstrated in Hyde Park. After speeches, a delegation of 28 trade unionists and others representing many thousands of organized workers marched to the French Embassy, accompanied by more than 1,000 persons.

Two hundred yards from the embassy, the delegation was attacked by police on foot and mounted, and it was dispersed. The entire crowd shouted slogans for the release of the deputies. A resolution to the French Ambassador, René Corbin, declared that the death decrees are "unparalleled in modern history among governments claiming to be civilized. Even Nazi Germany and tsarist Russia did not attempt to impose the supreme penalty on distribution of revolutionary literature."

A statement on the decrees by the National Council on Civil Liberties says:

"The decree represents a complete negation of those principles for which it is said the present war is being fought. It is a relapse into the very form of savage oppression the Allies have repeatedly announced is ended forever."

The International Brigade Association sent a letter to the French Embassy declaring: "No government which takes such action as the French Government has taken against the representatives of the largest working class party in the country has a possible claim to be fighting for democracy."

Spread of War Spurs Student Peace Strikes

Prediction Made April 19 Protest Will Exceed Previous Strikes

War in Scandinavia has doubly strengthened student America's determination to stay out of the war and will make the student peace strikes and demonstrations throughout the country on April 19 the largest and most dramatic in the history of the student peace movement. The American Student Union predicted in a statement issued from its National Office, 874 Broadway, by Agnes Reynolds, Organizational Secretary.

"The danger of American involvement is shown in the appalling headline 'War Babies Rise in Big Market,' Miss Reynolds said, but we, the students, who are the war babies of 1914 rise up to declare that the United States must not become involved in the war. Our determination, measurably strengthened by the fate of Scandinavia, will be voiced in the largest and most powerful Peace Strike in the history of the student peace movement on April 19th."

The statement said:

WARNS OF INVOLVEMENT
"The boomerang of war stocks today is the warning of United States involvement tomorrow unless the American people act at once to curb the purchases of war supplies here, to give adequate aid to needy youth, through the American Youth Act and to give relief and protect the rights of labor—to restore America to a peacetime economy. This is the determination of American Students, to be voiced in the April 19th Peace Strike. It is the need of all Americans, and we invite them to join us in the struggle for democracy at home and to keep America out of war."

Ask Smuts to Tell Allies' Role In War Spread

CAPE TOWN, South Africa, April 10.—Prime Minister Jan Christian Smuts was asked yesterday by the Nationalist Party spokesman in Parliament to what extent South Africa was involved in Allied policy of spreading the war to Scandinavia.

The spokesman, pressing Smuts for a statement on European events in connection with the Scandinavian developments, said that Allied policy appeared, on the basis of newspaper dispatches, to have been the cause of the violation of Norwegian neutrality by mine-laying in Norway's territorial waters.

This, the spokesman said, apparently led to the invasion of Norway and Denmark by Germany.

Iceland Severs Link With Denmark

Assumes Prerogatives of King Now Unable to Govern

REYKJAVIK, April 10 (UPI)—Iceland declared its virtual independence from Denmark today when parliament authorized the government to take over the prerogatives of King Christian.

The decision of the Icelandic Althing or parliament was the first reaction to German invasion of Denmark from this northern outpost which is joined to Denmark through a unique type of mutual monarchy.

Iceland is technically self-governed but has recognized the Danish king as its sovereign.

The decision of the Althing to cut—at least for the time being—its link with the Danish sovereign was taken on grounds that King Christian is now unable to exercise his powers of office.

Campbell, Famed Actress Dies at 80

LONDON, April 10.—Mrs. Patricia Campbell, famous English actress for whom George Bernard Shaw wrote the play "Pygmalion" and to whom he sent his famous anti-war letter in 1918, died today at Pau, France, at the age of 85.

It was the great dramatist Shaw who, in 1893 as a young social reviewer, first recognized the genius of Mrs. Campbell, and what he said about her acting in "Pinafore" The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" set her on the road to fame.

For 40 years Mrs. Campbell was a leader on the English speaking stage. Playing Shakespeare with Forbes-Robertson, she developed a wit almost as caustic as Shaw's.

When she was saddened by the loss of her son in the World War in 1918 she wrote to Shaw, who replied in a letter, full of bitterness and emotion:

"Never saw or heard about it until your letter came. I can't be sympathetic; these things simply make me furious. I want to swear. Killed just because people are blasted fools. A chaplain, too, to say nice things about it. It is not his business to say nice things about it, but to shout that the voice of the son's blood cries from God from the ground."

"No, don't show me the letter. But I should very much like to have a nice talk with that dear chaplain, that sweet sky pilot, that . . . No use to go on like this. Stells . . . Oh, damn, damn, damn, damn, damn, damn, damn, damn, And, oh, dear, dear, dear, dear, dear, dear, dear!"

G. B. S.

Shaw wrote "Pygmalion" for Mrs. Campbell in 1914 on a dare. Her characterization of Eliza Doolittle, the poor Cockney girl in the Shaw play, was one of her outstanding achievements.

Britain Imposes Embargo on All Danish Shipping

LONDON, April 10 (UPI)—Great Britain today imposed an embargo on all exports to Denmark and a provisional ban on shipments to all other Scandinavian and Baltic destinations.

Orders were given to detain all Danish ships in British ports and it was believed they may be subject to seizure. Danish vessels on the high seas, it was announced, are now liable to be halted and taken into British ports.

Death on Wings



NEW U. S. NAVY AERIAL DESTROYER IN TEST FLIGHT: The Skyscraper, said to be the fastest pursuit plane ever built, shown in a demonstration at an airport adjoining the Binghamton, N. Y., plant of its builders, the Grumman Company. Observers placed the ship's speed at about 450 miles an hour. The twin-engine-all-metal craft measures 28½ feet from propellers to tail and has a 42-foot wingspread. The wing is eight feet wide. The craft is reported to mount ten machine guns or two cannon and four machine guns. It was released for sale to foreign governments.

1,500 Demand Freedom Of French C. P. Deputies At Consulate Protest

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British lions over the portals on the other.

Scores of placards expressed the workers' indignation, with slogans like these: "Reynaud and Daladier Ape Hitler and Goering!" "Reynaud Free the 44 Communist Deputies!" "Reynaud and Dier, Enemies of Democracy and Peace!" "Free the 15,000 Anti-Nazi Refugees in French Concentration Camps!" etc.

Begun explained why the French consul recognized Communists in America, while his government illegally imprisons Communists in France.

"The French consul did not dare to be anything but polite to these American representatives."

"No one who cherishes freedom in America can remain silent while the champions of peace in France are persecuted."

With Minor were Isidor Begun, Timothy Holmes and Sadie Van Veen, representing the State Committee of the Party.

After Deputy Police Inspector Schilling escorted the delegation into Count de Fontenouvel's office, the consul bowed and listened while Minor said briefly that—

"We bring a communication, which we ask you to transmit to the French government. We represent the State and National Committees of the Communist Party of the United States of America.

RECALLS LAFAYETTE

"We love the great French people," continued Minor. "We come here in the spirit of the great LaFayette, who helped found this nation. We feel fully justified in speaking in his name. We represent the best spirit of the American people."

In this spirit, said Minor, the Communist Party demanded an end to the persecution of the people's leaders in France and the right of the Communist deputies to function in accordance with the democratic traditions of France and the United States."

The consul promised the delegation to forward their protest to his government.

Some 300 policemen were strown through Rockefeller Center and a patrol wagon was waiting, but no trouble was offered as the delegation moved on to the meeting place two blocks away.

Here the demonstrators were filling the street, between the brownstone Vanderbilt Mansion and the Women's Republican Club on one side and the Rockefeller Center "International Building," with its

BUCHAREST, April 10 (UPI)— Anxious Balkan States guarded their increasingly precarious neutrality today with Rumania particularly worried by reports of Allied and German moves to block or seize control of the Danube River.

Rumania feared the Danube, principal artery for the movement of vital supplies to Germany, would become an object of armed contention as rumors, mostly from other capitals, circulated here to the effect that Germany planned to police the Danube and that Britain would attempt to block the river with barges of cement and dynamite.

Government officials denied any knowledge of the German plans.

Reports from well-informed persons said seven British gunboats had been ordered by the government to turn down river to Ankara, Turkey, after a "citizen" of another power told officials that the ships were carrying high explosives and cement to block the Irongate bottleneck.

SYNOPSIS

For a full year now Joe Bonham had been a very busy guy. He knew it was full year because he'd worked out a way to tell time.

Lying with no arms, no legs and blind and deaf and dumb he had struggled until he had worked out a system so he could mark the passing of the days. That alone kept him pretty busy, but he'd also done a lot of thinking, and he'd learned a lot. And now it was his New Year's Eve. Three hundred and sixty-five days since he'd been counting.

In the world outside it might have been July 4th but for him it was New Years, happy New Year. He kept busy trying to recognize his nurses from their touch upon him, and he kept busy going back to places he had known when he was alive and walking and seeing. Now it was New Years and he thought of Karen, beautiful young Karen, nineteen years old and the only girl he had ever loved. Then he figured that it must be three years since that she'd had him, and now she would be twenty-two, and time would go on like this and ten years would pass and she would have lines, and later she would be an old woman with gray hair. But not for him. For him, remembering she would always be nineteen.

then blackness.

So he was probably in some crummy English hospital with people all taking him for a Limey and on the report sent home about him there was nothing except missing in action. Maybe it was just as well he was eating through a tube that English coffee was so stinking bad. Roast beef and pudding and soggy pastries and bad coffee. It was just as well. Only he wasn't an American any longer he was an Englishman. He was a Limey and probably a citizen at that. It gave him a lonesome feeling just to think about it. He'd never had any particular ideas about America. He'd never been very patriotic. It was something you took without even thinking. But now it seemed to him that if he were really lying in an English hospital he had lost something he could never hope to get back. For

the first time in his whole life he felt that it would be a little pleasant a little comforting to be in the hands of his own people.

Those Limeys were a funny bunch of guys. They were more like foreigners than the Frenchmen. A Frenchman you could understand but a Limey was always twisting his nose and you couldn't understand him at all.

When you were stationed right next to them for two months you began to understand just how foreign they were. They did some funny things. There was a little Scotchman in the Limey regiment who threw down his gun and quit the war when he heard that the Huns on the other side of No man's land were Bavarians. The little Scotchman said that the Bavarians were commanded by Crown Prince Rupert and that the Crown Prince was the last Stuart heir to the throne of England and the rightful king and that he would fight his king just because some Hanoverian pretender told him to.

Now in any ordinary army they would take you out and shoot you for a thing like that. But that's the way Limeys were funny. This

little guy caused a hell of a stink.

Two or three of his officers argued with him very politely instead of shooting him and when they couldn't get him to see things their way they called the colonel. So the colonel came and had a long talk with the Scotchman and everybody seemed puzzled and the Scotchman got tougher and tougher and dared them to shoot him because he said his court martial would bring out the truth that everything was a fraud and King George would have to resign and now would Lloyd George like that? The colonel went away and the Scotchman stayed sitting down on the bottom of the trench and pretty soon there came an order from G.H.Q. transferring him back of the lines for six weeks or until the Bavarians went away so he wouldn't have to fire in the direction of troops commanded by his king. That was how funny Limeys were and that was how both the Americans and the Limeys knew there were Bavarians across from them.

It was a pretty dull morning and the Limeys were cold and uncomfortable and sore about the war so somebody took a shot at the Hun. The poor guy stood stock still peering through the fog like he was surprised anybody would want to shoot him. Then the whole Limey regiment began to pop off at him. Even as his body sagged he had a kind of hurt and puzzled look. They let him lie out there with one arm hung over the barbed wire like a sentry who was pointing the way for someone else.

(To Be Continued Tomorrow)

Refugee Parley Gets National Endorsements

Noted Leaders And All Major Chapters Give Full Support

Countrywide endorsements of the National Emergency Conference to Save Spanish Refugees to be held at the Murray Hill Hotel in New York City on Sunday are pouring into the office of the Greater New York Committee, 55 W. 42nd St., from trade unions, national organizations, committees and individuals, it was announced yesterday by the recently formed national organizing committee.

Sponsors of the conference, which will prepare a long-range program for American aid to the refugees in France, International Volunteers and Spaniards in Franco prisons and concentration camps, include nine members of the national executive board of the Spanish Refugee Relief Campaign: Dr. Edward K. Barksy, Prof. Lyman R. Bradley, Tom Davin, D. William Leider, Dr. Louis Miller, Michael Nisselson, Prof. T. C. Schneid, Katharine Terrell and Dr. Jesse Tolmach, and the following nationally prominent individuals:

NATIONAL CHAPTERS JOIN

Josephine Truslow Adams, Dr. Thomas Addis, Franz Boas, Mrs. Louis D. Brandeis, Elizabeth M. Cope, Ephraim Cross, Ralph S. Cushman, Martha Dodd, Muriel Draper and David Elton.

Also Ralph H. Gundlach, Rev. William Lloyd Innes, Rockwell Kent, Fervil Meigs, Dorothy Parker, John Hyde Preston, Herman Shumlin, Donald Ogden Stewart, David McElvey White and Max Yerger.

More than twenty major national chapters of the Spanish Refugee Relief Campaign from coast to coast have endorsed the conference including San Francisco, Los Angeles, Miami, Boston, Philadelphia, Indianapolis, Detroit, Chicago, Minneapolis, Portland, Ore., Madison, Wis., and Monticello, N. Y.

Delegates from many of these chapters will attend the conference and others from the Washington, D. C., Columbus, Ohio and Ithaca, N. Y. chapters are also expected to participate in formulating an effective program.

HOLMES SPEAKS

Timothy Holmes, a Negro leader, called the French Communist deputies the true representatives of the French people, and the cream of France.

"Only the Communists," said Holmes, "had the courage to fight for my people in Ethiopia; had the courage to fight against racial discrimination against my people in North Africa."

He ended with the cry: "Unite, Black and White! We have nothing to lose but our chains."

SADIE VAN VEEN

Sadie Van Veen said: "The 44 deputies are still the French people's representatives, though in jail."

The crowd echoed back her remark that the mothers of America "didn't raise their boys to be soldiers for Wall Street."

"No we didn't raise our boys to be soldiers for Wall Street," they shouted again and again.

"The Yanks Are Not Coming" slogan was a favorite. A younger threw it back at Robert Minor, who made the last speech after Victoria Maze of the Young Communist League.

"That young man over there, they want to get him," said Minor, pointing at a youth near the platform. "There's 130

Spirited Rally Map Plan for Campaign

Send Out Material and Resolutions to All Lodge Leaders

The General Executive Board and other leaders of the International Workers Order met in a special session at Webster Manor Tuesday night in order to map out a nationwide campaign to overcome the un-American attacks of the Dies Committee.

The audience which packed the hall and numbered close to 500 were addressed by Max Bedacht, General Secretary of the Order, whose reply to the Dies Committee's unlawful attacks was received with a tumultuous ovation.

Attorney Saul C. Walbaum's description of the raids recently made on the Philadelphia offices of the IWO and the legal action that was being taken to force the Dies Committee to return IWO membership lists and other material which were taken from the IWO offices, was also enthusiastically greeted by the leadership of the IWO. William Wiener, President of the International Workers Order, was chairman of the meeting and in a brief speech emphasized the need for an anti-Dies campaign.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

After the speakers, there was some discussion from the floor and the following resolutions for action were adopted:

"That we instruct every District Organizer to organize within the leading cities and territories mass meetings in the name of the International Workers Order, and begin a campaign of protest and struggle against the Dies Committee.

"That the General Executive Board initiate in the name of the Order a mass campaign throughout the country. To organize and unify the labor and progressive movement and the liberal forces of the land — organizations whose existence is threatened by Dies — into one grand mass movement for the purpose of abolishing the Dies Committee.

"That the General Executive Board send a delegation to Attorney General Robert H. Jackson in Washington, D. C., to protest against the outrages committed against our Order and to demand that the Civil Liberties Department of the Office of the U. S. Attorney General instruct this department to investigate the violations of civil liberties by the agents of the Dies Committee and the Philadelphia police.

"That each lodge send a protest telegram to the Dies Committee, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to each individual Congressman and Senator; to get as many individual protest cards mailed on the part of the membership of the IWO and rally as many of our friends as possible."

START NATIONAL DRIVE

Copies of the resolutions and other material advising the districts and lodges as to how best to conduct their mass meetings, were immediately sent out. Leaders of the Order were certain that within a few days a nation-wide anti-Dies campaign would be in full progress.

A telegram of greeting from Rep. Vito Marcantonio (ALP, N. Y.) stirred the audience to cheers. The telegram, in part, read:

"Regret my inability to be present tonight to join with you in protest against the outrageous violations of the Bill of Rights committed by Mr. Dies and his stooges. Congress never authorized Dies to tear up the Constitution. No Congressional Committee can set itself up above the people. I pledge my continued efforts in the fight against the subversive and un-American activities of the Dies Committee. Urge International Workers Order and other American organizations to fight at this time when democratic rights are endangered by the Ku Klux Klan patriotism of the Dies Committee. Stork Club defective of the FBI and other small change phonies."

"VITO MARCANTONIO."

Notice to Philadelphia Readers

The Daily Worker is now being sold on Philadelphia newsstands at 4 cents per copy. We wish to explain to our Philadelphia readers that we have not raised the price of our paper to them.

The increase in price is due entirely to the arrangements between the newsdealers and the Philadelphia newspaper distributor. It affects other New York City newspapers as well as the Daily Worker. Any adjustments in price would therefore have to be made through the efforts of the newsdealers and the Philadelphia distributor. The Daily Worker is in no way able to influence this adjustment.

We wish to make this clear to our Philadelphia readers in order to avoid any impression that we are discriminating against out-of-town readers on the question of price.



Boston Rally Friday to Hit Dies Witchhunt

Educators and Ministers, Other Civic Leaders Sponsor Meeting

(Special to the Daily Worker) BOSTON, April 10.—Noted Bostonians, it was learned today, will speak at a meeting called to protest the actions of the Dies Committee this Friday night.

Orville Poland, chairman of the Massachusetts Civil Liberties Committee, Llewellyn Jones, editor of the Christian Register, Mrs. Maude Trotter Steward, editor of the Guardian, famous abolitionist paper, and Phil Frankfeld, one of the three Bostonians subpoenaed by the Dies Committee, will speak at the broad protest meeting in the old South Meeting House, at Washington and Milk St.

Balti. NMU Blasts Dies at Union Rally

Point to Revival of Klan Activities as Dies Attacks Increase

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BALTIMORE, April 10.—A resolution condemning the Dies Committee for the recent illegal raid upon the headquarters of the Communist Party in this city was unanimously adopted at the recent joint membership meeting of the National Maritime Union, CIO, in Baltimore.

The resolution, adopted after a hearty discussion, declared the raid was but one incident in the drive to whip up hysteria for further preparation of America's entrance into the present conflict in Europe.

The resolution also pointed to the significant fact that since the most recent attack by the Dies Committee there has been a revival of Ku Klux Klan activity in Baltimore, involving the burning of six fiery crosses and letters threatening death and violence to local citizens.

Copies of the resolution were sent to all ports, to President Roosevelt and the Dies Committee.

Marcantonio Challenges Dies to Probe Klan

(Continued from Page 1)

the floor now. Let him tell us whether there will be an investigation of the Ku Klux Klan."

Rep. Dies refused to meet the challenge, and did not answer this question.

In a long speech, Dies showed that his committee is seriously worried by the slaps it has received from judges in Philadelphia and Washington for its flagrant violations of civil liberties.

"Whether or not the courts will sustain us in this attempt to get information is a very vital matter," he said.

He revealed, however, that the committee is preparing a drive to enact repressive legislation in an effort to offset the reverses it has suffered in the courts.

Rep. Hamilton Fish asked the committee to come before the House with immediate legislation hitting at the Communist Party.

"Let's stop simply abusing the committee and act to outlaw the Communist Party," he declared.

VOORHIS WRITES BILL

Rep. Dies replied that the committee is "preparing legislation which we will bring in at the earliest possible date."

He told the House that Rep. Jerry Voorhis, who likes to describe himself as a liberal New Dealer, has been appointed as a committee of one to consult with the Depart-

ments of Justice and State in the working out of this legislation.

Voorhis has already introduced a bill which would require all organizations with any alleged foreign "connections" to register detailed statements with the State Department.

This measure has been vigorously backed by Rep. Dies who has been thinking of introducing a bill of his own along the same lines.

Assignment of Voorhis to take over the task of working out legislation is an interesting indication of the complete harmony in the committee between the so-called New Dealers and the outright anti-labor reactionaries.

CELLER'S MILD REBKE

Vigorous applause both by Democrats and Republicans when Dies spoke indicated that the committee has considerable support in the predominantly Tory House, and that it will be in a strong position to jam through its proposed legislation.

Assailing Mexico for permitting a few thousand Spanish refugees to settle there, Dies said:

"We further know that in recent months the Republic of Mexico has permitted thousands of Communists from Spain and France in that country.

SCANDINAVIAN SEAMEN CONDEMN SPREAD OF WAR

(Continued from Page 1)

emphasized Great Britain's disrespect for the neutrality of the Scandinavian countries." Alexander continued, "The mine laying in the last few days completely paralyzed the means of livelihood and the seagoing communications for the entire population of northern Norway. This was not only a brazen violation of the neutrality of Norway but a direct challenge to Germany to use the Scandinavian countries as a battleground.

"The occupation of Denmark and Norway by Germany, as an answer to the attacks of Great Britain upon our neutrality, cannot be by any means be excused," stated the National Secretary. "This is an encroachment upon the independence of these countries. We also condemn this brazen violation of international law, which all the imperialist gangster-nations seem to be wanting to destroy."

Banquet to Honor Local 22 Rank and Filers

In recognition of their active campaign which rallied nearly 6,000 votes for the Rank and File in the election of Dressmakers Local 22 of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, a banquet will take place at Irving Plaza, 15th Street and Irving Place, Saturday night, to honor the active campaign workers.

Danish Gov't Decides to Stay in Office

Accepts German Pledge to Respect Political Independence

BERLIN, April 10 (UPI).—The official German news agency D.N.B. reported from Copenhagen today that in a declaration to an extraordinary session of the Danish parliament Premier Th. Stauning announced that his government would remain in office.

"The king and his present ministers," Stauning was quoted as saying, "have so resolved with confidence in Germany's assurance that Germany does not intend to harm Denmark's territorial integrity or political independence by the measures which have been effectuated to regulate the mutual relations resulting from the occupation."

"The present government bears the full responsibility for the decision that the land and people would be spared the hard blow of fate."

"It is the wish of the government that the occupation be conducted with intelligence and human feeling for an old Nordic nation."

the committee's projected investigation of text books.

Celler had added that he "must inveigh against any possible efforts of the Dies Committee to throttle or curb the opinions or views of educators."

In a brief speech today, Celler partially apologized by stating that the Dies Committee has done "a great deal of good," but added that "there is a limit beyond which this committee shall not go in regard to civil liberties and illegal seizure."

MUNCHAUSEN FIGURES

One of the most interesting phases of the speech delivered by Dies was an attempt to build up the membership of the Communist Party to astronomical proportions.

He said that the testimony of Earl Browder to the effect that the Party has 100,000 is a "deliberate falsehood."

Dies actually declared that he has "reliable information" that the membership of the Communist Party "in the State of Pennsylvania alone is 125,000 members."

A few days ago Dies estimated Party membership at 2,000,000, and his statistical speculation today indicated that he intends to hold to this figure.

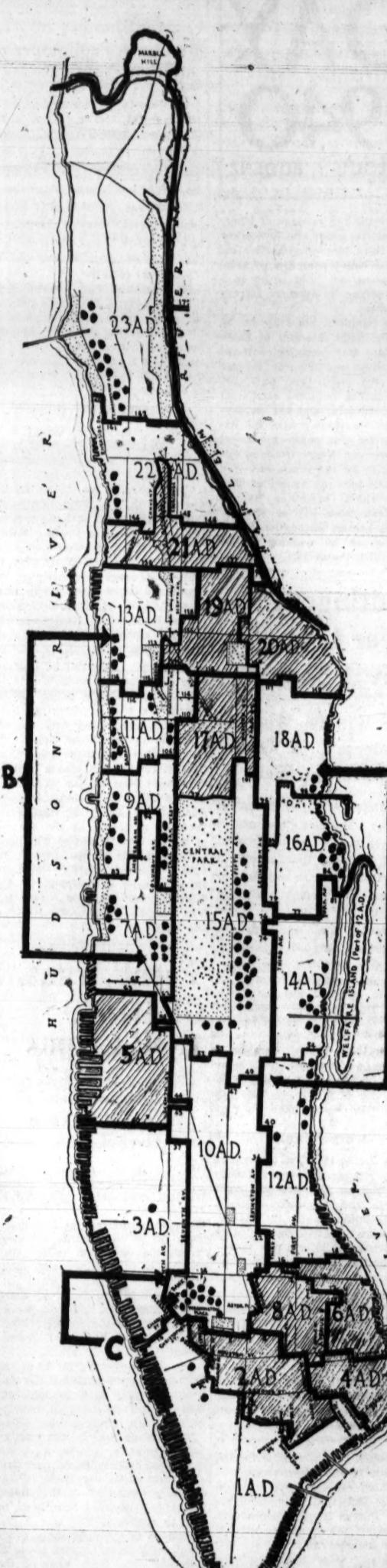
Observers here are considerably alarmed by these statements because they indicate plainly that Dies intends to go far beyond the limited membership of the Communist Party in an attack on hundreds of thousands of non-Communist progressives and trade unionists.

Another significant point in Dies' speech was a vigorous attack on the Republic of Mexico which appeared to foreshadow a demand for American intervention there.

Assailing Mexico for permitting a few thousand Spanish refugees to settle there, Dies said:

"We further know that in recent months the Republic of Mexico has permitted thousands of Communists from Spain and France in that country.

Dewey's 'Blue Ribbon' Neighbors



Map of Manhattan shows areas from which District Attorney Dewey has drawn a special panel to hear evidence in case of Clarence A. Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, who goes to trial today in General Sessions. Shaded areas, lower income sections of city are not represented in panel. Dots show that main body of panel comes from upper class areas, Park Ave., Central Park West, Riverside Drive, Tudor City and Lower Fifth Ave.

House Hearing On Filipinos

Hearings by the House Committee on Immigration and Naturalization on the Marcanito Bill, H. R. 7239, to enable the naturalization of Filipinos permanently resident in the United States will be continued Wednesday morning, April 10th, according to in-

formation received by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born.

Officials of the American Committee appealed to all organizations and individuals to send telegrams and letters immediately to Rep. Samuel Dickstein, Chairman, House Committee on Immigration and Naturalization, Washington, D. C., urging favorable consideration of the Marcanito Bill.

"We will fight with all our resources against the attempt to Nazify Denmark and Norway. I speak for every single Norwegian seaman when I state that the new Nazi government in Oslo, under the leadership of this person, Quisling, will never be accepted by us, but on the contrary, be fought by all Norway."

"As to the question of the position of the seamen to the reestablishment of the independence of Norway and Denmark," Alexander said, "the position of Great Britain and France as regards the independence of the smaller nations of Europe has only brought about disaster. All the illusions that we had about their war for the independence of the smaller nations have completely disappeared. We cannot favor a protectorate under any of the warring nations, especially with our knowledge of the position of Ireland and India under Great Britain, and the position of Czechoslovakia and Poland under the Nazi regime."

"A continuation of the war, which is made possible through the speculative sale of war implements from the United States and other so-called neutral powers, will only bring victory to those who are directly interested in imperialist greed—it will not bring peace either to the small nations or to the world."

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DAILY WORKER
50 East 13th Street
New York, N. Y.

The Browder Library Certificate

I understand that 6 of these Certificates, plus 99 cents, entitles me to one set of the Browder Library, containing:

The People's Front
Fighting for Peace
What Is Communism?

Plus additional pamphlets

MAIL: To receive set by mail, enclose Certificates and money (stamps, check, cash or money order). ADD TEN CENTS TO COVER COST OF POSTAGE.

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Hathaway Trial on 'Libel' Charge Today

Daily Worker Editor Challenges Prosecution's Right to Try Case Before Upper-class Jury Excluding Workers

(Continued from Page 1)

tions had been obtained in 78 percent of a given number of cases tried by special juries.

Hathaway mentioned at the close of the interview that he had been invited to speak at Johns Hopkins University today, but that the refusal of the district attorney to permit his absence had forced him to cancel the university faculty's invitation.

"We were more cautious in our articles than were the papers of Minnesota. We will show that other papers said much more than we did and that we were milder and more restrained than they were."

"We had no relations with the Liggetts, either Walter Liggett or Mrs. Liggett. We were not concerned with them. We were concerned only with the defense of the Farmer Labor Party and with the defense of Governor Olson."

"But there is another question involved here. Why was this case brought up at this time? It was a political case at the outset and it is a political case now. It has been gathering dust in the district attorney's office since the articles appeared."

CASE WAS IGNORED

Hathaway showed that the case had been ignored by former district attorney William C. Dodge during more than a year of his administration and for more than two years by Thomas E. Dewey.

His attorney, Edward Kunz, brought out the fact that the first intimation he had that the case was resurrected was when he received notice that a special panel had been requested by Assistant District Attorney Herman Stichman.

This came three days after the conviction of Earl Browder in Federal Court on flimsy passport charges, he declared.

"We are going to make a fight on the special panel jury system comparable only to the fight that was made in the Scottsboro case," Hathaway declared.

"We will undertake to determine once and for all whether a person charged with crime is to be tried by a jury of his peers representing the whole county or whether he is to be tried by Thomas E. Dewey's next door neighbors."

WORKERS EXCLUDED

The Communist editor showed a map of New York county in which the sections from which the 125 members of the special panel have been drawn were marked. He showed that not a single proletarian district is represented in the panel.

From Dewey's own assembly district, the 15th, there are 24 prospective jurors, the map indicates. The others are from Riverside Drive, Park Avenue and Tudor City.

"Why shouldn't this jury include some of my neighbors as well as Thomas E. Dewey," Hathaway asked.

"Juries in criminal libel cases decide not only questions of fact, but also questions of the law. Never before in the history of the United States has a special panel, a blue ribbon jury of upper class persons, been requested to try a case involving the freedom of the press."

Kunz interrupted at this point to state that 60,000 citizens are registered as capable and fit for jury duty and that

Boudin Tells Jury Fur Case Is Framed

Verdict in Eight-Week Long Trial Expected Tomorrow; Summaries to Continue Today; Jury Gets Charge 10:30 A. M. Friday

(Continued from Page 1)

was admitted into the record "subject to connection."

"But has there been any connection?" he asked. "There has been none, and what's more they were never intended to be connected."

"They paraded all these things before you so as to poison your mind, so you would be prejudiced on the only issue the charge that these gentlemen violated the Anti-Trust Act."

"They replied that after four weeks you would forget that you are trying an anti-trust case and will only think of violence."

SHOW GANGS UP

Boudin brought out, as has so many times been proven during the trial, that all the acts of violence, were a result of the work of the Lepke-Gurrah gangsters who were in league with the employers' association and racket-dominated defunct A. F. of L. group. He further brought out that it was the union headed by Ben Gold, that was instrumental in bringing about the senatorial racket investigation in the fur industry in 1933 and resultant indictment of racketeers. He referred to the testimony of John Harlan Amen that Irving Potash, Sam Burt and Julius Weil were the chief witnesses that made possible conviction of the Lepke-Gurrah gangsters and the associated racketeers.

"Potash was the man who convicted them. He was the moving spirit in that indictment," Boudin told the jury.

Boudin put main attention to proving that whatever occurred during the 1932-33 strikes was not an outcome of any "conspiracy to restrain interstate trade," but a local fight involving Gold's Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union on one side, and the racketeers who tried to force the workers into the A. F. of L. group, on the other.

BARES BOSS WAR CHEST

These strikes had no relation to the strike at the dressing and dyeing plant of A. Hollander & Sons at Newark in March, 1933, he said. The government's principle contention is that Hollander's trade was restrained by strikes at manufacturing firms giving him dyeing and dressing work.

For the first time Boudin revealed to the jury what was in the bank records which he succeeded in getting partly in after a two-week struggle. They showed how on April 18 the bank account of the

AFL Postal Employees to Meet on Bills

Rally Sunday to Back Measures to Improve Workers' Status

The joint conference of post office employees unions of the A. F. of L. announced yesterday it will hold a public mass meeting on Sunday, April 14, at Central Commercial High School, Manhattan, to urge enactment of the Board of Appeals Bill and the Mead-Flannery longevity pay bill now before Congress.

The Board of Appeals Bill would

establish an impartial board to review charges against employees that might lead to suspension, demotion or dismissal. Jerry Strauber, chairman of the joint conference announced.

The longevity pay bill would reward length of service by an additional \$100 after completion of 10 years employment and \$100 for each succeeding five years up to 30 years.

Unions affiliated with the joint conference include post office clerks, carriers, railway-mail clerks, railway-mail and Post Office laborers unions.

Speakers at the meeting will include Senator James Mead of New York and Representative Harold Flannery of Pennsylvania, sponsors of the measures in Congress.

Hearings were held last week on the longevity bill by the Senate and House Post Office and Post Roads Committees, in joint session.

Rush Defense Funds, Gurley Flynn Appeals

Coordinated Attacks on Leaders Increase Legal Defense Needs

The imminent hearing on the appeal of Earl Browder before the U. S. Court of Appeals and the trial of C. A. Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, scheduled to open today, require immediate mobilization of funds for the defense. Elizabeth Gurley Flynn declared yesterday that was deposited by the A. F. of L. group's racketeers on their account at the Federation Bank and this sum was drawn out in cash just on the eve of the raid by gangsters on Gold's union headquarters, when two were killed. In all \$31,000 passed that way, he said.

"Gangsters are paid in cash and don't want records," Boudin told the court.

UNUSUAL EXPENSE

Boudin reminded the jury of the testimony which showed Louis Loukas, alias Loukas Yerolamatos, alias Leo Lukas, the admitted stoolie, was an associate of Lepke and Gurrah. Also that the second stoolie, Charles Salounis and second star witness, was Loukas' partner in a contracting business. He pointed to the numerous cases of proven perjury and lying on the part of these gentlemen.

Boudin aimed his main fire, however, upon the notorious labor baiter Police Lieut. James A. Pyke who was brought by the government as its last witness to produce two leaflets he said he found on two of the defendants while searching them once in 1933. The entire affair was an arranged frameup when the government found itself "stuck" in its case, he charged. If it wasn't a frameup the government would have produced the grand jury minutes of 1933 in which Pyke alleged there is reference to one of the leaflets. The government brought those minutes as evidence in another case when a witness turned hostile, but feared to do so in Pyke's case.

"That circular never was in their pockets. Mr. Pyke put it there," said Boudin.

COMMON UNDERSTANDING

By way of illustration she pointed out that the Dewey Republicans have selected the attack on the press as their field of operation by reviving a four year old "case" against Clarence Hathaway and the Daily Worker. The Roosevelt Administration is openly gunning for the national leadership of the Communist Party while it drives through the Dies Committee against the organization and field leadership of the Party, she said.

"Either by virtue of agreement or common understanding the two major political parties are bending every effort to suppress the Communist Party before the 1940 election campaigns get well underway," she said. "The fact that the three lines of attack against the Party closed in this week can be regarded as an attempt to catch the Party without sufficient funds to carry on an effective defense," she added.

Urging that funds be sent immediately to the Committee for the Defense of Civil Rights for Communists at 799 Broadway, New York City, Miss Flynn concluded by praising the conduct of the Communists who have already appeared before the Dies Committee. "They demonstrated to the contrary that Communists are loyal to their Party and class. They do not get rattled or frightened. They refused under threat of prison sentence to betray the trust of a single Party member and thereby they showed that they are worthy of the trust of the working class."

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All Labor in Gary, Ind., Unites to Form Third Party for Peace and Progress

(Special to the Daily Worker)

GARY, Ind., April 10.—All Lake

County labor has joined forces to

organize a third party movement for the Nov. 3 election.

Declaring that neither of the

old major parties offers a pro-

gram which labor and other pro-

gressive organizations can sup-

port, CIO, AF of L and Railroad

Brotherhoods of Lake County

have set up a temporary organiza-

tion to launch a third party.

Seventy delegates of the three

branches of labor have drawn up

the first draft of a platform,

according to Walter Frisbie,

temporary chairman, who is an

executive officer of the Oil Work-

ers International Union. The par-

ty will petition for a place on

the regular election ballot for its

state of candidates.

The Party, Frisbie said, will

oppose United States entry in the

war and stand for adequate un-

employment relief, the 30-hour

week, a uniform standards law,

civil liberties, an anti-lynch bill,

liberalization of the Social Se-

curity Act and of unemployment

compensation, defense of the Wag-

ner Labor Relations Act, oppo-

sition to sales taxes, broadening

of the United States Housing Act,

higher death and gift taxes, re-

enactment of the excess profits

tax and a complete health pro-

gram for the country.

The party will support Labor's

Non-Partisan League of Lake

County in whatever action it

takes, Frisbie continued.

Other temporary officers are:

E. C. English, secretary, repre-

senting the office workers' divi-

sion of the SWOC; Henry Vanzo,

treasurer, representing the Amal-

gamated Association of Street,

Electric Railways and Motor

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and the following directors: John J.

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THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1940

Laying Propaganda Mines In the U. S.

(Continued from Page 1)

for war credits. "We must take whatever steps are necessary to maintain trade with Britain and France," it cries. This is the language of war.

From London, Mr. W. H. Stoneman, correspondent, cables to the N. Y. Post, under the headline, "Talk of U. S. Fighting," the following bait: "There were a good many persons in London who felt that this turn for the better could be effected by nothing short of the intervention of the United States."

Here then is the line of attack.

England laid war-spreading mines in Norway's waters. U. S. imperialism is laying propaganda mines right here in the United States.

But the war-makers do not have an easy task at all. Not a bit of it. The American popular will to stay out of this war is enormous. The best proof of it is to be seen in the hesitations and divisions within the Wall Street ruling class itself on how to handle this vast peace sentiment.

This is to be seen in the sharp language which a Senator Holt (West Virginia) uses against the Roosevelt policies: "The United States is slowly 'slipping into war.' The only hope of our staying out is 'the common sense of the American people.'"

Mr. Holt is as eager as the White House for the war to spread. But Senator Holt desires to manipulate the people's peace sentiment for factional purposes—all strictly within the confines of U. S. imperialist interests. But the fact is that he is compelled to adjust his tactic to the power of the peace movement in the country. The necessity which compels such tricky maneuvers is a great encouragement to the peace forces; it is a tribute to their rising influence. It proves the struggle to keep the United States out of the war can be crowned with success.

Notable in this connection is the fact that Senator Shipstead of Minnesota, coming from an electorate markedly Scandinavian, branded the Allies as equally guilty with Germany for the war in Scandinavia.

"England in mining Scandinavian waters to blockade Germany more completely," he declared yesterday, "evidently precipitated the crisis. The Scandinavian countries are the victims of international gangsters fighting for supremacy and in such a controversy bystanders suffer."

It is obvious that the scheme of the Roosevelt government to "sell" the British Empire and its war as vital for "civilization" is not going to have easy sailing.

In the past few days, the issues have become clearer to millions of Americans. The war is not "noble." It is filthy, criminal, and utterly senseless as far as the overwhelming majority of mankind is concerned. It is a "family squabble" between two rival imperialist camps over the division of world markets, colonies, and conquests.

Britain despises the "independence of nations" just as its rival, German imperialism, despises it, or as Wall Street imperialism despises it.

Britain stands before public opinion in the United States as the cynical leader in the "spread-the-war" conspiracy. Millions of Americans have seen it with their own eyes in the past few days.

Hence the fight to keep the U. S. out advances to its responsibilities with new vigor, new energy. American labor stands forth as the leader in the fight. This is of the greatest meaning. Suspicion of the two Wall Street parties is rising among the people, who remember the Wilsons and Lansings of the 1917 treachery.

The practical tasks of the peace movement include demands such as these:

1. No munition sales, no airplane sales to the warring powers.

2. No credits, or loans, or any aid to the Allies, to either side, in any manner or form. These help to spread the war.

3. Stop the un-neutral policy of the Roosevelt Administration which has expressed itself as pro-Ally, and in favor of spreading the war.

4. Immediate curbing of the war-mongering officials of the Administration such as Cromwell in Canada. Recall and dismissal of such war-spreading agents as Bullitt in France. They imperil the safety of the American people.

5. For the development of peaceful trade with the Soviet Union, for an end to the provocative attitude of the Roosevelt Administration towards this peaceful neighbor.

Let America ring with the cries "The Yanks Are Not Coming!" "Keep the United States Out of War!" and "Work, Not War."

The peace movement has every possibility for keeping the United States out of war. But it cannot lose any time.

Crown Prince Edsel As an Angel of Light

• Edsel Ford, crown prince of the huge Ford Motor Empire, spoke up to the Senate Monopoly Committee yesterday.

The burden of his pronouncement was that the labor-saving devices, as introduced by the great monopolies, increase jobs instead of cutting them.

The facts do not gibe with Mr. Ford's assertion. In the recent past, when production had reached the 1929 level the Department of Labor admitted that employment was sagging seriously. In the past two months, due to the speed-up and the introduction of labor-saving devices for higher profits, the sag has grown to startling proportions.

At the United Mine Workers convention in February, Vice-President Philip Murray brought forward case after case of widespread joblessness in the mining, steel and AUTOMOBILE industries due to "technological unemployment." He dramatized the matter with his reference to the new "ghost city" of Newcastle, Pa., rendered a shell of its former self through plant and machinery consolidation.

Why, it may be asked, did Mr. Ford volunteer this statement to the Senate committee at the present time? There can be only one reason: The Ford Motor Corporation, along with the other big automobile companies, is introducing the most extensive speed-up and use of labor-saving machinery. This is causing the spread of joblessness in the Auto Capital to an alarming extent. Mr. Ford sought to offset the indignation of workers and workless (with the consequent threat of legislation and organization) by his appearance as an angel of light instead of a Satanic figure of darkness.

Labor-saving machinery, which can be of social value, is degraded today through its abuse for the purpose of mounting up higher and higher profits. The government has done nothing to halt the rising tide of unemployment out of the introduction of new machinery and the speed-up which has accompanied it.

The workers will have to take the bit in their own teeth, and press vigorously for shorter hours, an end of the speed-up, and for an increase of wages as units of production increase. This is the major job cut out for the unions at the present time.

Spreading the War Against the Unemployed

• Even the capitalist newspapers now speak boldly of the cold-blooded plans of Washington and Wall Street to solve the crisis of unemployment and mass starvation through war.

A story in the press yesterday said:

"Spread of the European war into Scandinavia encouraged conservatives on Capitol Hill today to renew their argument that increased demands for war supplies would provide employment and obviate the necessity of raising the WPA appropriations."

This, of course, is the unofficially expressed view of the Roosevelt Administration which has already cut WPA, relief and other social services to put the country on a war footing. "Kill 'em off, and you won't need to employ them. Spread the war—make the munitions kings profit-drunk through back-breaking speed up against the workers and lower living standards for the people at home." Such is the murderous "solution" which capitalism holds out to the 12 million unemployed which its very system creates.

It was just last Sunday that John L. Lewis in his address at "CIO Day" in Flint, Michigan, said:

"The leaders of industry and statesmen are in despair, they cannot solve this problem. Some of them stand ready to go into an imperialist war to solve it."

These words are not only unanswerable true, but most timely. It is reported also that Ralph Hetzel, CIO employment director, will devote his entire testimony before the House sub-committee on WPA to showing that the "war-boom" would not help workers on relief. A nation-wide federal housing undertaking together with the constructive legislative program of the CIO would provide jobs and improved conditions for the people instead of fattening Wall Street.

More than ever the proposal of the Workers Alliance for three billion dollars (to provide 3 million WPA jobs) is the need of the hour. Labor and the people want "Work—not War." Capitol Hill should be made to know this in no uncertain terms.

M-Day Talk

• New York City Councilman Charles E. Keegan, Major, U. S. Field Artillery Reserve, seems to be itching to get the United States into the European war.

When he learned the imperialist war had been spread into Scandinavia, he told reporters at City Hall, not without considerable glee, that:

"The U. S. Army will be mobilizing within two months to try out M-Day plan."

Is it possible that Councilman Keegan was expressing actual plans of the War Department and not, as some who heard him thought, his personal pious wishes?

In the Spring a Young Man's Fancy... Gabriel, in the London Daily Worker



A Judicial Rebuke for Martin Dies

• A somewhat brighter sun shines for American civil liberties after Tuesday's events in Washington.

Then it was that Federal Judge F. Dickinson Letts of the U. S. District Court delivered a stinging rebuke to America's tin-horn Hitler, Martin Dies.

In releasing Phil Frankfeld and Patrick O'Dea from arrest for "contempt," Judge Letts declared that Dies had acted in violation of the law in the methods he had used against the Boston Communist leader and the head of the Massachusetts Young Communist League.

This sharp denunciation of the witch-hunters—coupled with the arrest in Philadelphia of the Dies agents for their ruthless tactics—can give new courage to champions of the Bill of Rights. It can stimulate them to step-up their campaign against the Dies outrages.

Judge Letts confined his remarks and his decision to the unheard-of disregard for law by the Dies outfit in arresting the Boston Communists before the House of Representatives had acted on the contempt motion.

Such is typical of the entire course followed by the Southern Bourbon and his fellow enemies of the Bill of Rights.

Even on the day that he was being rebuked by the Federal court, Dies was hauling into Washington Claude Lightfoot, Negro Communist leader in Chicago, and Thomas McKenna, Party branch representative in that city.

By his dragnet of subpoenas, Dies is trying to paralyze the Communist Party, a legal party, in its election campaign.

By his demand for Communist membership lists, this southern Bourbon is striking at the secrecy of the ballot—one of the most cherished of American rights.

More than that. By this demand, he is laying the grounds for an Inquisition into the trade unions of the country—to open up their membership lists for the imposition of a WIDESPREAD BLACKLIST.

There is no American, who has any regard for the Bill of Rights, but who feels the hottest indignation at the foul antics of this man who denies the vote to 90 per cent of the voters in his district. We submit that it is time to widen the anti-Dies fight, to draw in all those groups and liberty-loving

people who want an end of tyranny and persecution in America.

Who is this man Martin Dies, anyway, who thus presumes to become the dictator of "patriotism" in this country?

He is the representative of the most confirmed political clique of Bitter-enders in American life. He comes out of the camp of the champions of the Jim-Crow system, whose loudest mouthpiece is political pal of Dies, Tom Connally, of the same state of Texas. He is the lieutenant of that "evil old labor-baiter," John Nance Garner, and has been trained at Garner's knee.

Lucius Harper, editor of the Chicago Defender, noted Negro newspaper, has put the issue squarely when he said Tuesday:

"If Mr. Dies is so interested in democracy, why doesn't he look into the situation in his own State where thousands of Negroes and poor whites are denied the right to vote."

"I wonder if Mr. Dies has ever requested a list of the Ku Klux Klan."

To add to his acts of contempt against the Bill of Rights, the witch-hunter from Texas now proposes legislation which will put on the public rack the political opinions of all progressive Americans, starting with the Communists. Knowing full well that his acts are against the guarantees of the first Ten Amendments, Dies proceeds to initiate legislation which will destroy those guarantees.

MARTIN DIES HAS PROVED THAT HE IS NOTHING MORE NOR LESS THAN AN APOSTLE OF "LEGALIZED" KU KLUX KLANISM.

This being the case, we believe that the trade unions, the Negro people, the farmers and all those who stand for a secret ballot and democratic rights can be rallied in a great crusade against Martin Dies and the destruction of the Bill of Rights for which he stands.

The imposing lists of churchmen, educators and publicists who have protested the raids and "contempt charges" is an indication of the deeply-stirred sentiment of the people against these un-American activities.

In every city of the nation, in an organized form, this sentiment and protest can get into full swing—for an ending of the Dies Committee and its unscrupulous un-American Inquisition.

Vincent Sheean Admits Being Startled At Strength of U. S. Peace Sentiment

Vincent Sheean, erstwhile liberal, is currently going about the United States admittedly "startled and dumbfounded" at the strength of the sentiment for peace.

In an article in this week's Liberty magazine he reports that on every stop of an extensive lecture tour he finds "a very strong anti-war feeling among all ages and types of people." This feeling "is strongest of all among the boys

and girls of college age."

He can remember no such powerful anti-war feeling during the last war. But now he finds that today's "youngsters, thanks to many books and movies and a generation of talk about the horrors of war, actually dislike the idea of it intensely."

Again and again I am asked from the auditorium in a college audience how young people can organize to stay out of war and what we can do to make war impossible."

"When the lecture is over and questions are asked privately," he admits, "there are always a few young people with questions in the same vein. Once, in Fort Wayne, Indiana, a young man told me he would do anything on earth, including going before a firing squad, before he would go to war."

Among the most numerous questions asked by persons of all ages are about American neutrality.

BRUSSELS, April 10.—Eighteen Communists were arrested today at Verviers, Liege and Charleroi. Twenty-three Communists have been arrested since April 6 on charges of having printed materials used for an illegal newspaper.

in Congress, he reports that "all kinds of audiences were alike in distrusting the neutrality debate."

Equally revealing is the fact that the Americans he has met do not believe the lies of the press, particularly the lies inspired by Downing Street.

"American opinion," he regrets, "is not willing to admit wholeheartedly that anything it reads or hears from Europe is true..."

"The chief distrust of propaganda has to do, oddly enough (odd to him with the English and French)." He finds the people alert and "on its guard against the kindred nations of England and France who 'dragged us into war' once before."

In the rest of his article there are found the usual slanders upon and distortions of the peace policy of the Soviet Union, and attacks upon the Communist Party.

Mr. Sheean titles his little piece "What America Wants to Know About the War." But his quotations indicate that America knows a good deal about this war: it knows that it wants to stay out, it knows that the press lies, it knows that the Anglo-French imperialist camp is not to be trusted in its false slogans of peace and freedom any more than its rival imperialists can be trusted in their claims.

Letters From Our Readers

Boston Branch Sells 900 Tickets for Meeting—Here's How They Did It!

Boston, Mass.

Editor, Daily Worker:

Over 10,000 people attended the anti-war rally in the Boston Arena to hear Earl Browder, Henry Winslow, and Mother Bloor. The meeting climaxed the most important convention ever held by our Party in this State. Those present expressed unanimous approval of the Party candidates for State office and instructed our State Secretary, Phil Frankfeld to personally convey to the Dies Committee a resolution passed by them.

The work of the branches in setting for over 9,000 tickets before the meeting contributed greatly to its success. Special mention was made at the meeting itself of the work of the West End Branch which sold more than 900 tickets. Our Branch was able to accomplish this task by the excellent work of the comrades and the correct organizational arrangements and check up on tickets.

First the comrades immediately settled for their own tickets and those of their immediate families. Secondly they visited their contacts, not only to sell them a ticket or two for the meeting, but to involve these contacts in the sale of tickets to their friends. Many of the contacts took from five to twenty-five tickets and sold them. Then unions that met in our neighborhood were covered several times with considerable success. Parties were held, the price of admission being one ticket to be given away to unemployed contacts who otherwise could not have attended. Finally, the last week, a special card was distributed signed by Otis Hood, who had received over 900 votes running for school committee in this neighborhood last Fall. This distribution was followed by a systematic house to house knocking on all doors for the sale of tickets. The response in the community was excellent. On the basis of it we made many new contacts.

Interestingly enough the amount of tickets sold equalled the amount of Hood's vote. This does not mean that everyone who voted for Hood bought a ticket. On the contrary this indicates that the consistent agitational and educational work plus the house to house activity carried on by the branch in the intervening months has made itself felt in the neighborhood. This gives us some indication of the receptivity of the masses of the people to the messages we have been bringing them. It also points to the road of the 1940 elections when the work of our Party Branch in the West End should begin to bear the fruits of our effort.

In view of this we shall intensify our mass activity in the community, consolid

CHANGE THE WORLD



'Daily' Columnist
Is Visited by
The Census Man

By MIKE GOLD

THE census taker has called, and I had the prescribed chat with him. It was quick and easy, not at all like a bout with the dentist. The young man was a little adenoidal but polite, and made no sudden moves to alarm. I told him about my debts, diseases and other statistics, and he wrote it all down and clucked quite sympathetically.

So far, so good, I had nothing to hide, and he asked nothing that seemed too personal. Every country, under any system or any administration, has to take a census to know where it stands. I had no objections to having my nose counted among the 130 million other noses of my countrymen. As for Senator Tobe, he was a Republican and raised all that smell about the census only for campaign reasons.

This was my complacent state of mind about the census until I picked up a copy of that new and lively picture weekly called "Friday."

This magazine in its April 12 issue, prints a dispatch from Washington which begins with these alarming words:

"The Department of Justice and its Federal Bureau of Investigation are planning to transform the 1940 census into the most complete police list in the history of the world."

The Department of Justice has actually drafted and submitted for action an amendment to the Census Law whereby every name and all the information contained in the 1940 census—confidential by law—would become available to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover's FBI.

"Friday" then published the full text of the proposed bill, which no doubt, will be brought up on the floor of Congress after the census has been taken. Now it is being kept under wraps, so that Americans will remain as complacent as I was when the census man called.

Very clever, as clever as the whole strategy by which we are being sneaked into war and the fascist set-up that goes with war.

Of course, there are people who will say that they don't see anything wrong in making the census files available to the Department of Justice.

After all, the honest man who has nothing to hide will not fear having his name thus exposed to investigation.

But the original Act which provided for the fifteenth and subsequent censuses, approved June 18, 1929, stated very plainly "that the information furnished under the provisions of this Act shall be used only for statistical purposes for which it is supplied. No publication shall be made by the Census Office whereby the data furnished by any particular establishment or individual can be identified, nor shall the Director of the Census permit anyone other than sworn employees of the Census Office to examine the individual reports."

Congress saw it necessary to place these stringent safeguards around the secrecy of census information. Why?

It was because such material can become a source of blackmail, of unfair trade competition, and of many other crimes if placed in unscrupulous hands.

If the census information were open to rival politicians they might be able to use it to blacken each other's characters. Businessmen might steal trade secrets from their rivals, and certainly, in the hands of a Gestapo, of a witch-hunting Federal police force, such census information would soon become the basis of mass persecutions.

The name and home address and properly owned and other private clues to every union organizer in America would be available to the FBI, one of whose jobs is to fight against trade unionism when it is on strike.

J. Edgar Hoover already has compiled a private list of four million Americans, no less, whose political ideas do not agree with his own reactionary ones. There is no doubt he is waiting for the first big war hysteria or the like to go into action on his list, and turn America into a Nazi concentration camp.

Give him the census, and he would have every single other of the 130 million Americans on that list.

It is too enormous a power to place in the hands of a man who is so ambitious, so reactionary, so anti-democratic in every fibre of his thought and deeds.

The shadow of J. Edgar Hoover grows longer and darker over the White House as Roosevelt retreats daily from the fields where he once fought for liberalism.

Hoover's encroachments and violations continue. Already he is a power that disputes with the civil side of the Government on almost equal terms.

To prevent fascism from conquering America it is not necessary to send an army into Germany. It is not even so important any longer to resist and expose the Coughlins and Peileys and Fritz Kuhns.

The thing has struck deeper and more dangerous roots within the Government itself. I believe this little project of the FBI to quietly take over the census certainly is a symptom and thanks are due to "Friday" for having brought it to the attention of America.

A Day in Manhattan,
On Columbia Workshop

Columbia Workshop presents "A Day in Manhattan" on WABC at 10:45 P. M.—"Adventures in Music" on WNYC at 4:30 P. M.

MORNING
11:15-WNYC—Musical Essays with Dr. Alvin Kroul, Sports Review
WQXR—Hour of Request Music
11:45-WNYC—"You and Your Health"
AFTERNOON
12:00-WHN—Up
WNYC—Midday Symphony
12:15-WNEW—David Lowe, News of Stage and Screen
12:25-WAB—Up News
12:30-WOR—Trans-Radio News
WHN—"Microphone in the Sky
WJZ—Nat'l Farm and Home Hour
12:45-WOR—Condensed News
WOR—Sports Club
1:00-WNYC—Missing Persons Alarms
1:05-WNYC—Musical Comedy Memories
1:30-WNYC—Voice of Organized Medicine
1:45-WMCA—News
WMCA—Sports Extra
WNYC—Lunches of Political Science
2:05-WHIN—Up News
WVWD—American Citizenship Court
3:30-WJZ—Marine Band Concert
3:45-WMCA—News
4:00-WOR—Mercury Tours
4:15-WOR—Trans-Radio News
3:25-WOR—Dobgers vs N. Y. Yankees
3:30-WAB—News
4:30-WNYC—Government Reports
4:45-WNYC—Ernest White Organ Recital
WJZ—Club Matines
4:50-WNYC—Adventures of the Moment
4:55-WNYC—Music, Film, Hot Fan, M.C.
5:00-WOR—Music in the News
5:00-WNYC—News
WMCA—News
5:30-WNYC—"Let's Write Songs" with Dr. Sigmund Spaeth
WMCA—American Artists Series
WABC—"It Happened in Hollywood"
4:45-WHN—News
EVENING
5:00-WHAF—Junior Hygiene Guestbook
WOR—Uncle Dick on WJZ—Up News
WNYC—Behind the Scenes
WABC—Junior Evening News Report
WQXR—Music to Remember
6:15-WNEW—Up News
WJZ—Bill Stearns' Sports Talk
WMCA—Adventures of Pinocchio
WHN—Sam Taylor, News of the Month
WABC—Sports Extra
WABC—Waita Hoyt, Sports Review
6:30-WMCA—Sports Extra
WOR—Trans-Radio News
6:45-WOR—Dance Music
WQXR—History in the Making
6:45-WEAF—Rocky Gordan, WNYC—News
WHN—Dick Fishell, Sports Resumes
WQXR—Concert

7:00-WNEW—Report of Masterwork Hour
WEAF—Pleasuretime with Fred Waring's Orchestra

Terror Against Writers

Disease, Death
For Anti-Nazis
In French Jails

By Sam Russell
LONDON.

Concentration camps that are surrounded by barbed wire and machine guns; prisons that are full of intellectuals, among whom are some of the greatest literary men of our time: writers who are forced to chop wood and break stones; camp commandants who reach for their guns when they have another intellectual in their power; all the horrors of the "cemetries under the moon." . . . Where is all this today. In Hitler Germany? Yes, but also in France. In France under the regime which Daladier and Reynaud have imposed on that country; in France, where under cover of the "war for democracy," a regime has been imposed which lacks nothing of the terror of the Hitler system, and which has abolished all those rights and liberties of the individual won by the French Revolution 150 years ago.

Dark Cellar
Under a Stable

A dark cellar under a stable. The wind blows through the doors and cracks in the wall, piling high the snow outside. Overhead the clasp of horses' hooves gives not a moment's peace; the stench of manure pervades the eternal gloom. No, this is not a description of a French prison at time when the Bastille still dominated Paris, nor when Louis XIV exercised unlimited power by means of the "lettres de cachet." It is a description of the French concentration camp for "enemy undesirables" of Francillon pres Biols. These are the conditions that have been chosen for those of the German anti-Fascists who are between the ages of 50 and 60, and who still bear on their bodies the marks of the Nazi whip. They are now condemned to live beneath a stable, and with no work and not even the right to leave the cellar for a minute, their lot is far worse than that of the horses over their heads.

Their conditions are typical of anyone of the 30 camps which are to be found in the loneliest parts of France, where some hundreds of men and women who have known the horrors of Dachau and Buchenwald, Boergermoor and Hamburg, now experience the hatred of French reaction.

Arrested Before
The War

Since the outbreak of the war there has not been a single ministerial declaration on the status of the internees, most of whom were rounded up by the police even before the actual outbreak of hostilities. Nor is there a single decree about them. This, in fact, leaves them entirely in the hands of the commandant of their particular camp, whose word is law.

Under the international regulations governing the treatment of prisoners of war, the authorities are obliged to fulfil the following conditions: That they be housed in stone buildings fitted with all the necessary sanitary arrangements; that they be given a hot meal three times a day; that they be not obliged to work unless they so wish; that in the latter case they be paid normal rates of pay; and, lastly, that they be assured all necessary medical attention.

The German Nazis in France will, therefore, receive this treatment. But the German anti-fascists, as they do not happen to be protected by the Third Reich, are condemned to all the horrors of concentration camp at its worst. These political refugees were living in France under the right of asylum. Yet a few days before the war, and in flagrant breach of all the international regulations and its own decrees for the treatment of refugees, the French Government caused them to be imprisoned and also ordered the mobilization of all those benefiting of the right of asylum.

Writers of
World Renown

Among those in the Vernet camp in Arlie, known as the worst of the camps, are men like Friedrich Wolff, author of the play "Professor Mamlock"; Theodore Balk, author of the anti-Hitler book "The Star Speaks," and former medical officer in a French Battalion of the International Brigades during the Spanish war.

There are also Rudolf Leonhard, president of the Schutzverband Deutscher Schriftsteller, the Austrian journalists Gerhard Eisler, Bruno Frei and Paul Friedlander, the writer Rudolf Feistman, the poet Walter Mehring, the editor of the Pariser Tagesszeitung Stefan Fingal, the actor Guenther Ruschin and many others.

Among those in other camps there is the editor of the weekly "Die Neue Weltbewegung," Hermann Budziszowski. The editorship of this paper was formerly held by the Nobel Peace Prize winner, Carl von Ossietzky, assassinated in a German concentration camp. Then there are the Catholic writer of the Saar, Kurt Alexander, the German writers Balder Oden, Max Scheer and Max Schroeder, the working-class poet Hans Marchivka, the Austrian Prof. Treichl, Leo Lania, Sperber, the famous Viennese

Authors of
World Renown
Are Imprisoned

German Social Democrat Willi Weber. Founder of the Social-Democrat group, the "Neubeginnen," he was arrested together with all the members of the group. As a result of the conditions in which he had to live, Willi Weber died. It is to the everlasting shame of the French Socialists that as result of their inaction, a leading member of their own brother party died in ghastly conditions.

Women Treated
Barbarously

The women are by no means exempt from this treatment of the refugees. Women of 15 different nationalities are to be found in the camp set up for them at Rieucros (Lozere). Many of them are mothers who have been dragged away from their young children as, for example, the actress Steffi Spirau-Ruehsin, mother of a child of seven, and whose husband is in Vernet. Doris Landahl, mother of a child of two is also interned. The two most tragic cases among these women prisoners are those of Hilda Maddalena and Klara Muth. Hilda Maddalena is the wife of the German deputy Max Maddalena, condemned to life imprisonment by Hitler justice. Klara Muth is the widow of the German Trade Union leader Willy Muth, assassinated by the Nazis at Wuppertal. Also at Rieucros is Elsa Firl, sister of Wilhelm Firl who was executed in Berlin for anti-Hitler propaganda. Moreover, she is suffering from tuberculosis, and the condition of the camp make her presence a danger to the health of all the other refugee/prisoners.

But even children are not excepted, for the age limits are 17 to 65. To cite only one case, that of Helmuth Schneller. He was 12 when he arrived in France after his father, a former deputy in the Reichstag, had been condemned to a long term of imprisonment. He entered a French secondary school where he soon distinguished himself as an excellent scholar. A short time ago he celebrated his 17th birthday. The following day the police arrived at his school, and he was taken off to a concentration camp.

Conditions in 30
Camps Similar

The conditions in the 30 and more camps have all one thing in common. That is that the occupants, who are for the most part the victims and sworn enemies of Hitler, are treated worse than prisoners of war. There are hundreds if not thousands of cases where specialists in science and industry are employed harvesting beets, where doctors are made to dig trenches and lawyers and writers to chop wood and break stones. The accounts given are based on eye-witness accounts and on letters received from men in the camps of Orleans, Francillon pres Biols, Villemalard-Fosse, Meslay-du-Maine, Vernet (Arriege), Marolles (Cher et Loir), Nevers (Nievre), Rieucros (Lozere), Vierzon and Bourges.

At Villemalard-Fosse the men are housed in stables, with no heating or light. Work in the fields begins at dawn and ends at dusk and consists of the heaviest farm work, which has resulted in 16 out of 20 men falling sick because of the work and bad conditions. The men are not paid, their clothes are in unspeakable condition, and it is even impossible to wash for lack of facilities.

Guards Armed
With Whips

The guards in the Vernet camp are armed with whips with which the prisoners are frequently beaten. The slightest infraction of the rules laid down by the commandant is punished with the commandant is punished with the commandant — this means at least four days confinement with only bread and water.

Describing the force of Wright's story, the reviewer comments, "Remove the actual incidents of murder from 'Native Son,' and you have before you the thousands of Negro character in the novel. Although Wright did not intend it that way, the impression is given . . . that Bigger Thomas is typical of Negro youth. He is rather a composite of all the evil influences of Jim Crow society on Negroes."

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Miss Jones' notable review will undoubtedly stir much interest among those who are discussing the political and social implications of "Native Son."

In addition to short news stories and articles dealing with matters of current concern to youth, there is a review of the much-talked-about novel, "Native Son" by Richard Wright.

Joining the review of Wright's book is an article by Everett Loomis describing what native sons in the Deep South are doing to achieve a fuller life—a life with a purpose through the coming Fourth Annual All-Southern Negro Congress.

"Review" shows consistent improvement over past issues with respect to both make-up and content. The writing of some of the articles could perhaps gain in clarity and sophistication by being less breezy, less "Joe College," but the magazine is a craftsman-like job, which supplies invaluable leadership for youth in their day to day struggles. Thoughtful and thorough, the current issue contains up to the minute material which every youth, in these critical days, should have at his finger tips.

Miss Jones likewise calls attention to Wright's characterization of Jan (Mary Dalton's Communist sweetheart), and points out that Jan's attitude and first approach to Bigger, a non-class-conscious Negro youth, is a patronizing, mid-

Dreiser Calls for War
Against War Makers

SAN FRANCISCO, April 10 (ICN).—In response to a query from the People's World, West Coast progressive paper, on his position on war, Theodore Dreiser, famous American novelist and author of "An American Tragedy" made the following statement:

"This war business is very like

the sword that, up to the arrival of gunpowder, it wielded. It has two edges. Personally, I still believe in self defense which is obviously the proper answer to predatory war.

But I also believe in the defense of others against inequity either by themselves or by the social and legal forces which they erect in order to see that they are legally and honestly defended. Hence I believe in Constitutions, Bills of Rights, and their fulfillment by just laws, honest representative bodies, honest courts, honest juries and an honest, decent police system designed to protect all of the people in their constitutional rights—not in any sense to misuse or prey on them. And I have always held that these things are worth fighting for.

Duty to
Resist'

"I also believe that it is not only human and natural for the strong, if they chance to be strong, to come to the rescue of the weak when and where they feel them to be the victims of predatory crooks, robbers and murderers. And where the strong are either absent or indifferent to the ills and sufferings of the weak, I believe it to be the proper wisdom as well as the duty of those who are weak individually, to combine in order to be able to resist and drive off their powerful and predatory enemies. That to me is human and natural and legal.

"But even children are not excepted, for the age limits are 17 to 65. To cite only one case, that of Helmuth Schneller.

He was 12 when he arrived in France after his father, a former deputy in the Reichstag, had been condemned to a long term of imprisonment. He entered a French secondary school where he soon distinguished himself as an excellent scholar. A short time ago he celebrated his 17th birthday. The following day the police arrived at his school, and he was taken off to a concentration camp.

"Life is and ever must be an

equation or balance between all

sorts of contending forces—in a

fair and maintainable balance.

Neither chemically nor physically

nor socially nor financially

can it be worked run off into unbalance.

And of humanity, collectively and

socially assembled under forms of

government the same thing is true.

Where financial or social unbalance

sets in and a few, because of ex

tortion wealth, set themselves apart

and above the many and fail to see

how necessarily interrelated they

are either for good or ill, you have either 1) revolution and a re

storation of balance or 2) where

equity is defeated and inequity prev

On The Score Board

Like We Said ...
Nobody
Picks 'Em Today

By Lester Rodney

Introducing today a guest columnist—Nobody by name—who you recall we promised would pick the pennant winners for you in our special announcement box yesterday. Take over, pal—

I won't keep you in suspense, fellas. The Hester Street Tigers to breeze.

When I say that, I'm not in ignorance of the fact that around Delancey Street they're whispering that Speed McGlotch is slipping, that he's a year older. Alright, so we'll concede that—but I want to ask you and ask you straight—is or isn't Joe Schlemiel far and away the best first baseman in the league? You know how that bum Ginsberg of the Essex Street Garbage Cans got that 50 point bulge over Joe in the batting averages, don't you? Every time the Avenue C bus came through the block he hit the ball, on two easy hops mind you, right past third base where the hot corner guardian had to dodge out of the bus stop lane! If there ever was a phony batting average!

Just a word about our cleanup man Hymie, before one of these wise guy experts like Rodney or Kurman or Farrell point out that he was taking third strikes all last year with the bat on his shoulder. Well, he's in for a big comeback this year, a return to his sensational rookie form in 1938, and let me tell you why. Last year his sister Betty was going steady with some mug from the Bronx who probably never hit .200 in his life. So Hymie gets two bits slipped to him four nights a week to scream to the movies when this guy and his sister are in the parlor. Well, I don't have to tell you about what Roger Hornsby said too many movies does to the batting eye, do I? This year it's a different story with Hymie, as pitchers will soon discover. His sister is married at last and in the Bronx.

You're still not convinced about the Tigers coping, eh? Well let me tell you something about a sensational rookie we got coming up from Williamsburgh, where he hit .315 for the South 5th Street Tycoons. All right, it's a Class B league, but .315 is .315 in any league, isn't it, and he's a year riper. And here's the payoff—this kid's a switch hitter! And you know what that means on our home field, don't you? Imagine, when the door of the hock shop in right field is open he bats left handed and everything in there is two bases! When that joint is closed and the tailor back of third is open, presto, this baby hits 'em right handed and that's an awful big door. He's the keen type, like Ty Cobb was, quick to take advantage of every opening.

I don't know why I have to labor the case. I'll grant you the Grand Street Gamsmeeters have power to burn and good reserves, but it's pretty obvious to anyone who follows the game that they got internal dissension down that way and the pitching staff is grumbling about working out of turn.

The Cherry Street Chicks you're hearing so much about are still a year away. One more pitcher would make the Market Street Pushcarts a real threat, but where are they going to get him, eh? Just where are they going to get him? That left hander Lefkowitz they were shouting about during spring training has fizzled out like a light.

I ask you.

Re-Union in Cincinnati

Joining Cincinnati, Jim Turner, National League E. R. A. pitching champion in his first year, with the Boston Bees, 1937, found himself in a reunion with a brother-champion of 1930. That year Jim won 21 and lost 9 pitching Hollywood to the Pacific Coast League pennant. Lombardi was Oakland's .370 slugging catcher.

WHAT'S ON

Tomorrow

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THIRD ANNUAL

SPRING DANCE

of the VETERANS OF THE
ABRAHAM LINCOLN BRIGADE

WILBERT GRIFFITH and HIS ORCHESTRA
FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 12th

Aunt Molly Jackson
Woody-Okie Balladist
Gale, Japanese Dancer
HOTEL CAPITOL
51ST STREET and 8TH AVENUE
ADMISSION - in Advance 60c; at Door 75c
Vets Office, 45 West 42nd Street. L.O. 2-0212

GRUPO MEXICO in "La Paloma," Saturday, April 13, 8:30 P.M. Romanos, 25c. ARTHUR GREENIN, former Member of Congress, speaks. "The Hate-Stealin' Racket Among the Literati" at Progressive Forum, 430 Sixth Ave., Friday evening at 8:15. Also: Questions and discussions on "Grapes of Wrath" evening at ACA Galleries, 52 W. 5th St. Will Geer, Woody, Tony Kraber, Six & Co., plus Maxine, speaker. 8:30 P.M. Subs, 50c. Ausp. Oklahoma City Aid Committee.

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